You can organize the data in a **tally chart** or a **frequency table**.

Example: For the first number, 3, make a tally mark in the table.

Cross out the 3 in the data above. Then record and cross out the remaining 3s. In the frequency table, record the number of occurrences you recorded in the tally chart.

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

**Tally**

**Number of**

**Letters in Words**

**Number of Letters in Words**

**in a Story**

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

**Frequency**

**Number of Letters in Words**

**Number of Letters in Words**

**in a Story**

**Grade 3 • Chapter 12** Represent and Interpret Data

**5.** less than 3 letters?

more than 3 letters?

**4.**

**86**

**3.** 8 letters?

**2.** 2 letters?

3 letters?

**1.**

**Use the frequency table. How many words had:**

**Complete the tally chart and the frequency table.**

7

2

4

5

3

3

6

3

5

5

1

4

2

8

4

4

2

1

6

5

5

5

3

3

3

2

6

3

3

5

**Number of Letters in Words in a Story**

Marcia counted the number of letters in each word in a story.

The data is shown below.

**Lesson 1 Reteach**

*Collect and Record Data*

Name Date