

Lesson 3 Reteach

Powers and Exponents

A product of identical factors can be written by using an *exponent* and a *base*. The base is the number used as a factor. The exponent indicates how many times the base is used as a factor.

$$2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3$$

← exponent
↑
base

Numbers expressed with exponents are called *powers*.

Powers	Words	Expression	Value
4^2	4 to the second power or 4 squared	4×4	16
5^6	5 to the sixth power	$5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$	15,625
7^4	7 to the fourth power	$7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$	2,401
9^3	9 to the third power or 9 cubed	$9 \times 9 \times 9$	729

Write each product using an exponent.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. $3 \times 3 \times 3 =$ _____ | 2. $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 =$ _____ |
| 3. $9 \times 9 =$ _____ | 4. $5 \times 5 \times 5 =$ _____ |
| 5. $10 \times 10 =$ _____ | 6. $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 =$ _____ |

Write each power as the product of the same factor. Then find the value.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 7. $7^2 =$ _____ | 8. $8^4 =$ _____ |
| 9. $2^8 =$ _____ | 10. $4^3 =$ _____ |
| 11. $5^5 =$ _____ | 12. $7^3 =$ _____ |

Write the prime factorization of each number using exponents.

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|------------------|-------------------|
| 13. $40 =$ _____ | 14. $100 =$ _____ |
| 15. $75 =$ _____ | 16. $147 =$ _____ |