



The E	lephant
Name:	•mammals •herbivores •calf •African •Indian •communicate •endangered •extinct

After reading, find the _____ and color them ,

Elephants are the biggest land animals! Elephants can be 9 11 feet tall and be as heavy as 4 cars! Every day they eat 400 24 pounds of food and drink 30 gallons of water! That much water 36 can fill half your bathtub! 41

Elephants are *mammals*. Elephants are *herbivores*, so they only eat plants. A baby elephant is called a *calf*. Like all *mammals*, baby elephants drink their mom's milk. 68

There are two kinds of elephants. One kind is the78African elephant. The other kind is the Indian elephant. African88elephants are bigger and they have bigger ears. Indian elephants98have a hump on their backs and have smoother skin.108

Elephants flap their big ears to cool off. Elephants use 118 their trunks to pick up food and to suck up water. They use their 132 tusks to dig or to scrape. Elephants throw dirt or sand on their 145 backs so that they don't get sunburned. 152

Elephants are very smart. They can *communicate* with each 161 other by making sounds or moving. People can teach elephants 172 to do many tasks and to use tools. 180

Elephants are *endangered* animals because people have hunted them too much. This means that they are in danger of becoming *extinct*. We must protect the elephant!

187

199

206

	The	Giraffe		
6E	Name:			~~~
6000		•mammal	•Africa	Power Words!
		•savanna	•herb	oivores
)	•acacia	•tongu	es •male
		•female	•calf	 predators
After reading, find the		and col	or them	

Giraffes are the tallest land animals! A giraffe can look into 11 a second-story window! A giraffe is covered with a pattern on 23 its fur. A giraffe has two horns on its head. A giraffe is a 37 mammal. 38

Giraffes live far away in *Africa*. They live on the *savanna*, 49 which is a grassy plain with few trees. Giraffes are *herbivores*, 60 which means they eat only plants. Giraffes like to eat the leaves 72 of the *acacia* tree. They have very long *tongues* that help them 84 pull leaves from the trees. 89

A *male* giraffe is called a bull. A *female* giraffe is called a 102 cow. A baby giraffe is called a calf. When a giraffe calf is 115 born, it weighs as much as a human adult and it can walk as soon 130 as it is born! 134

Giraffes sleep less than two hours a day! They often sleep 145 lying down, but can sleep while standing up, too! 154

Giraffes are hunted by lions, humans, and other *predators*, 163 but giraffes can see very well, which helps them to know when 175 danger is near. 178

Language Arts: I can read informational text. Science: I can summarize the basic needs of a variety of different animals. Language Arts: I can identify parts of speech.

© Megan Dunmeyer, 2016

The	Gorilla
Name	•mammals •Africa •habitats •primate •knuckles •infants •sign language •Koko •famous •communicate •California •endangered
After reading, find the	and color them

Gorillas are *mammals* that live far away in *Africa*. They live 11 in many different *habitats*, such as swamps and forests. Gorillas 21 are part of the *primate* family. Monkeys are primates, too. 31

Gorillas are mostly *herbivores*, so they like to eat plants, but 42 they like to eat bugs sometimes, too.

Gorillas have very long arms. Their arms are longer than their 60 legs! They use their legs and arms to walk. They walk on their 73 *knuckles*! Gorillas have hands and feet like humans. Gorillas are 83 covered with dark hair. 87

Gorillas live in groups called troops or bands. Baby gorillas 97 are called *infants* just like human babies. 104

Gorillas are very smart. Gorillas can use tools. Humans have 114 taught some gorillas to use *sign language* to *communicate*! *Koko* 124 is a *famous* gorilla that was taught how to use a lot of sign 138 language. Koko lives in a zoo in California and has a pet kitten! 151

Many gorillas in the wild have been hunted by humans, so 162 gorillas are now endangered. We must protect gorillas! 170

Language Arts: I can read informational text. Science: I can summarize the basic needs of a variety of different animals. Language Arts: I can identify parts of speech.

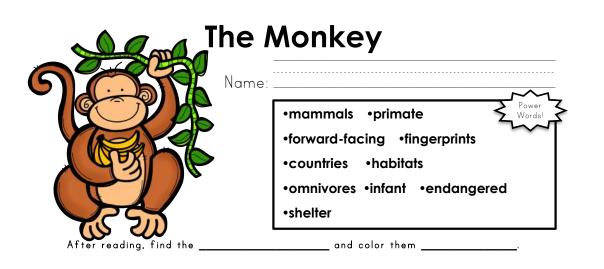
Th	e Lion
Name	•savanna •habitats •Africa •mammals •male •female •carnivores •endangered •shelter
After reading, find the	and color them

Lions are the second biggest members of the cat family. 10 The lion is often called "The King of the Jungle," but lions do not 24 live in the jungle! Lions live in the *savanna habitats* of *Africa*. 36 The savanna is a grassy area with few trees. The lion is called 49 the "King of the Jungle" simply because the lion is so big and 62 strong. 63

Lions are *mammals*, and they are very well known for the 74 thick mane of fur around their heads. Only *male* lions have 85 manes, *female* lions do not. Lions live together in groups called96 *prides*. 97

Lions are *carnivores*, which means they eat only meat. 106 Female lions do most of the hunting for the pride. Male lions 118 protect the pride. But lions sleep for most of the day, often 130 sleeping for 21 hours! They like to hunt at night. Lions like to 143 eat antelope and zebras. 147

Lions are *endangered* because people hunt lions to 155 protect their farm animals from being hunted by lions. People 165 also build cities in the lions' habitats, which makes it hard for 177 lions to find food and *shelter*. 183



Monkeys are *mammals*. They are also part of the *primate* 10 family. Gorillas are primates, too. All primates have *forward*⁻ 19 *facing* eyes, eye sockets, grasping hands, nails, *fingerprints*, 27 and big brains. 30

There are 264 different kinds of monkeys and they live40in 192 different countries all over the world! Monkeys live in51many different habitats, such as grasslands, forests,58mountains, and high plains.62

Most monkeys are *omnivores*, which means that they eat 71 both meat and plants. Most monkeys have tails. Many monkeys 81 use their tails for climbing and for grasping things. 90

Baby monkeys are called *infants*, just like human babies! 99 Monkeys live in groups called troops. The troop is like a big 111 family. 112

Many monkeys are *endangered* because humans are 119 building cities in the monkeys' habitats. This makes it hard for 130 monkeys to find *shelter* and food. 136

Language Arts: I can read informational text. Science: I can summarize the basic needs of a variety of different animals Language Arts: I can identify parts of speech.

The	Penguin
Nam	•Antarctica •southern •blubber •Australia •South Africa •Northern Hemisphere •carnivores
After reading, find the	and color them

Penguins are members of the bird family! They breathe air, 10 they have wings and beaks, and they have black and white 21 feathers, but they cannot fly. Penguins are very good swimmers! 31 They can dive into the water and flap their wings to swim with a 45 lot of speed. Penguins can move quickly on land by sliding on the 58 snow and ice. 61

Many penguins live in Antarctica, which is the most southern71part of the Earth. It is very cold and snowy in Antarctica.83Penguins have a layer of fat called blubber that helps them stay95warm. Some types of penguins live in warmer places, such as106Australia and South Africa. There are no penguins from the116Northern Hemisphere.118

Penguins are *carnivores*, which means they eat only meat. 127 Penguins like to eat fish and other seafood. They swim in the 139 water to catch their food. Penguins drink salt water from the sea.151 They have a gland that takes the salt out of the water they drink 165 and pushes it out of the holes in their beaks! 175

	olar Bear
	Arctic •northern Mordel Mordel
After reading, find the	and color them

Polar bears are found in one of the coldest parts of the 12 world, the *Arctic*. The Arctic is the most *northern* part of the 24 Earth. Polar bears are *mammals* with very thick, warm fur and 35 a layer of fat, called *blubber*, to help them stay warm in their 48 cold *habitat*. Under the white fur, a polar bear's skin is black. 60

Polar bears are carnivores, so they like to eat meat. Polar 71bears like to eat seals the most. Polar bears are good82swimmers and they swim in the sea to catch seals to eat.94Sometimes polar bears even swim under the ice! They can104swim 100 miles! Polar bears also wait for seals to come up116out of the water.120

Polar bears are the biggest land *predators*, but when a 130 polar bear baby is born, it is about the size of a stick of 144 butter! A polar bear baby is called a cub, and it is born with 158 no hair. Cubs can grow to the full size of a man in one year, 173 if they have enough food to eat. Polar bears spend almost 184 half their lives looking for food. 190

The Rhinoceros		
	•mammal •keratin •protection •Asia •habitats •floodplains •crash •calf •herbivore •endangered	
After reading, find the	and color them	

The rhinoceros is the second biggest land animal, and it is 11 a *mammal*. The name rhinoceros means "nose horn" and it is 22 named for the horns found on its nose! Some kinds of rhinos 34 have one horn and some kinds of rhinos have two horns. The 46 horns are made of *keratin*. Human fingernails and hair are also 57 made of keratin! The rhinoceros uses its horn for *protection*. 67

The rhinoceros lives in parts of *Asia* and *Africa*. It lives in 79 many different *habitats*, such as grasslands, *floodplains*, 86 swamps, and rain forests. The rhinoceros likes to *wallow* in 96 mud in its habitat to protect its skin from sunburn and from 108 bug bites. 110

The rhinoceros likes to live alone, but a group of rhinoceros is called a herd or a *crash*! A baby rhinoceros is called a *calf*.

Rhinos are *herbivores*, which means that they eat only 144 plants. They like to eat grass and the leaves from trees and 156 bushes. 157

The rhinoceros is one of the most *endangered* animals on 167 Earth. Humans hunt them a lot for their horns because they 178 believe the horns will cure illness, but this is not true. 189

© Megan Dunmeyer, 2016

120

132 135

The	e Snake
Name	e: •reptiles •environments •cold-blooded •carnivores •tongues •poison
After reading, find the	and color them

There are many different kinds of snakes, but all snakes are 11 reptiles. This means that they lay eggs, have scales, breathe air, 22 and are cold-blooded. Cold-blooded animals depend on their 32 environment to stay warm, and they like to lie in the sun to keep 46 warm. Snakes are found all over the world, in many different 57 environments. They live in jungles, forests, and deserts! 65

All snakes are *carnivores*, which means they like to eat meat.76 Snakes like to eat mice and rats, eggs, and lizards. Snakes can 88 use their *tongues* to smell! Some snakes have pit holes in front of 101 their eyes. These pit holes can sense heat from other animals. 112 This helps snakes catch their food. Some snakes have teeth and 123 some snakes do not. Some snakes bite with *poison* and some 134 snakes do not. Snakes can open their mouths very wide to 145 swallow their food. 148

As a snake grows, it becomes too big for its skin. When 160 this happens every few months, the snake sheds its skin. The skin 172 comes off just like a sock, inside out! 180

Language Arts: I can read informational text. Science: I can summarize the basic needs of a variety of different animals. Language Arts: I can identify parts of speech.

© Megan Dunmeyer, 2016

	🔥 The Tiger		
	Name: •mammal •carnivores •Asia •cub •endangered •extinct		
After reading find the	and color them		

Tigers are the biggest wild cats! They can weigh as much as 12 ten ten-year-olds! Tigers have an orange, black, and white stripe 24 pattern on their fur. Each tiger has a different pattern. A tiger is 37 a type of mammal. 41

Tigers live far away in *Asia*, and they can live in many 53 different kinds of forests, such as rain forests and pine forests. 64 They can live in swamps and grasslands, too! Unlike most cats, 75 tigers like water and are good swimmers. They like to cool off in 88 pools and streams. 91

Baby tigers are called cubs. Cubs leave their mother when 101 they are only two years old. 107

Tigers are *carnivores*, which means that they eat meat. They 117 are quiet hunters with strong paws and teeth to help them catch 129 their food. They can run very fast! Tigers like to eat deer and 142 pigs. Tigers like to hunt at night. 149

Tigers have been hunted a lot by humans. This has made 160 tigers *endangered*, which means that if tigers are not protected 170 from hunters, there may soon be no more tigers. We do not want 183 tigers to become *extinct*! 187

Language Arts: I can read informational text. Science: I can summarize the basic needs of a variety of different animals Language Arts: I can identify parts of speech.