

Study

Guide

Unit 5 week 1.

## Academic Vocab.

**Historical fiction:** a literary source that has characters that act, think and speak like real people from a particular time and place in the past where the story is set.

**Theme:** the big idea, message or lesson about life found within a story

**Homophones:** words that sound the same but are spelled differently and have different meanings.

## Spelling

### Words

astronaut telephone phonics

telegram astronomer telephoto

automobile photograph

autograph telescope myth

mechanical television

photography mythical

homophone mechanic disaster

telegraph automatic

## Weekly Vocabulary

**bulletin:** a short announcement of the latest views

**contributions:** gifts of money, time or effort given to a cause

**diversity:** a great difference or variety

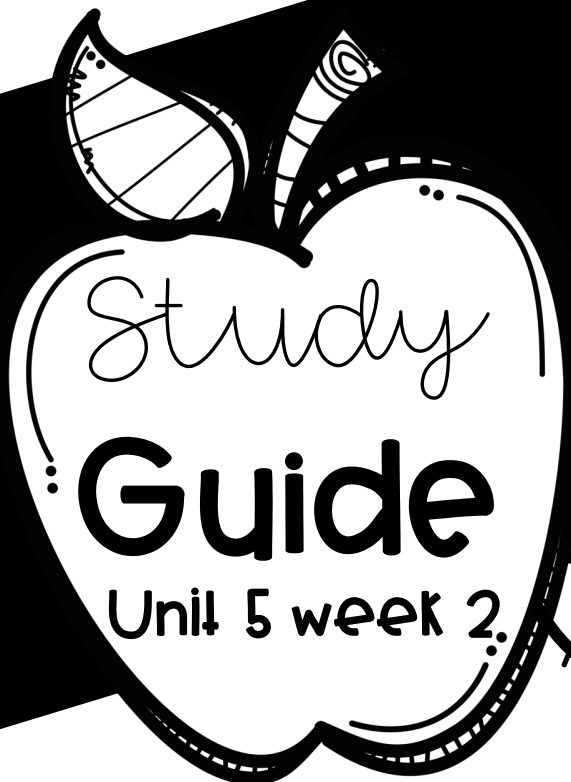
**enlisted:** to join the military of your own free will

**intercept:** to stop something from moving one place to another

**operations:** plans or processes for doing something

**Recruits:** new members of the armed forces

**survival:** the act of continuing to live



# Academic Vocab.

**Realistic fiction:** a literary source that tells about characters, settings and events that are real life.

**Theme:** the big idea, message or lesson about life found within a story

**Denotations and connotations:** A denotation is the dictionary meaning of a word and the connotation is the feeling a word suggests (a negative or positive word)

## Spelling Words

subtraction transport spectacle

transportation tractor inspect

missile spectator mission

portable attraction import

intermission export dismiss

committee inspector suspect

respect distract

## Weekly Vocabulary

**abruptly:** to stop suddenly without warning

**ally:** a person or nation on the same side during a conflict

**collided:** to hit or crash against something

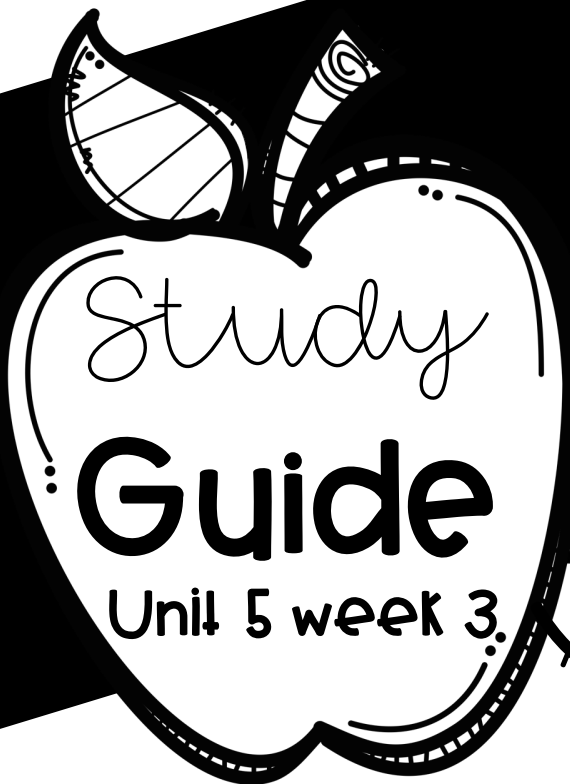
**confident:** to have strong belief in your abilities

**conflict:** a strong disagreement

**intervene:** to get involved in a disagreement to help solve it

**protective:** helps keep you safe

**taunting:** teasing or making fun of



# Academic Vocab.

**Expository Text:** an informative source that supports a topic with reasons and evidence. The topics involve real people, places, actual events and scientific concepts.

**Cause and effect:** A text structure that includes events that makes something happen (cause) and what happens as a result (effect). I.E. It rained, so football practice was cancelled.

**Context Clues:** words and phrases near an unfamiliar word that help support the meaning of an unfamiliar word.

## Spelling Words

clothes January cereal

strength lunar atlas

ocean salute fury

echo cycle cyclone

gigantic Olympics territory

terrace parasol fortune

furious gracious

## Weekly Vocabulary

dormant: to be sleeping and inactive

adaptation: to change in order to survive

agile: to be able to move or act quickly and easily

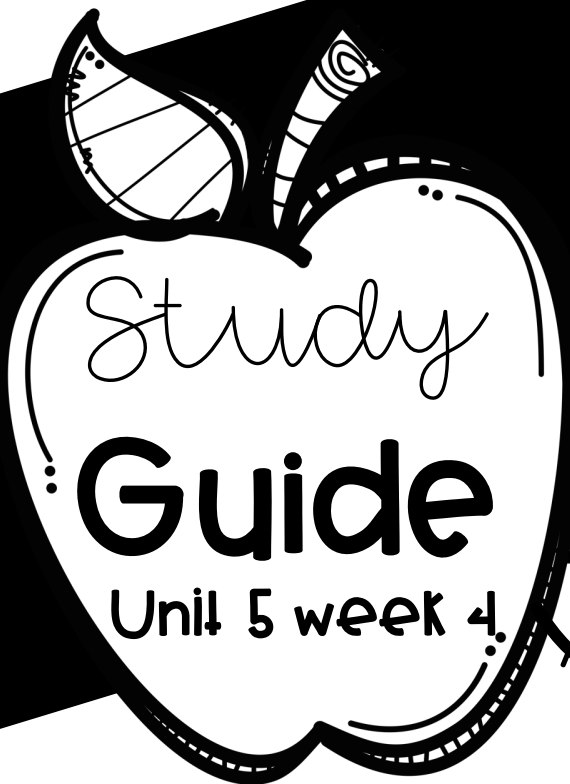
cache: to hide or store something away

forage: to hunt or search for food

frigid: freezing, very cold

hibernate: to spend winter sleeping

insulates: to keep keep something warm or cold



# Academic Vocab.

**Biography:** an informative source that tells the true life of another person's life in order and may have photos and timelines

**Problem and solution:** when an author organizes an informational text by presenting problems in real life, steps to solve the problem and a solution.

**Synonyms and antonyms:** words that have similar or different meanings

## Spelling Words

tripod triplet unicorn

uniform unison biweekly

triple bicycle tricycle

unicycle triangle bisect

trio unify centipede

centimeter century binoculars

universe university

## Weekly Vocabulary

**glistening:** shining

**export:** a item to sell or trade to another country

**influence:** to try to change or effect a person's thoughts and behaviors

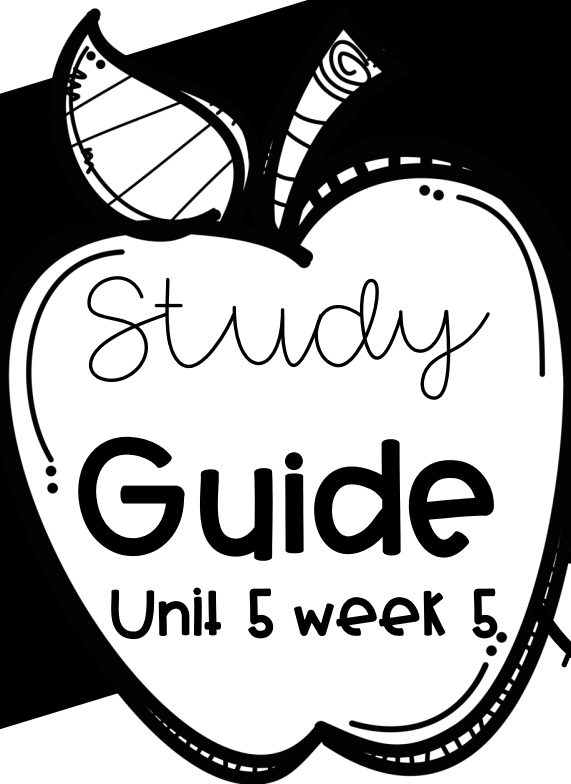
**landscape:** a regions landforms or a stretch of land that can be seen from a place

**native:** where someone is born

**plantations:** large farms

**Restore:** to bring something back to it's original condition

**urged:** to strongly encourage or persuade someone to do something



# Academic Vocab.

**Poetry:** a literary source organized in lines that have been carefully chosen and arranged, in which a speaker expresses thought and emotions through sensory words, repetition and rhythm.

**Point of view** the perspective of a narrator within a story. In 1<sup>st</sup> person POV, the narrator is in the story and telling it (I, me, my). In 3<sup>rd</sup> person POV, the narrator isn't in the story (he, she, they)

**personification:** figurative phrase in which an author gives human characteristics to animals and objects.

## Spelling Words

astronaut telephone phonics

telegram astronomer telephoto

automobile photograph

autograph telescope myth

mechanical television

photography mythical

homophone mechanic disaster

telegraph automatic

## Weekly Vocabulary

**blares:** to make loud, harsh sounds

**connection:** a relationship or bond with someone or something

**errand:** a short trip to get something

**exchange:** to give one thing for another

**assonance:** repeating words in a line with the same vowel sound

**consonance:** words that contain the same middle or final consonant sound

**imagery:** to use words to create a picture in your mind

**personification** when a writer gives human characteristics to animals and objects