2nd Week of April Homework

Language Arts Skills

*Write your FIRST & LAST name correctly in the line below: (first letter capital the rest lowerses)

capital the rest lowercase)
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<u>}</u>
*RAZKIDS: Have your child read at least 3 books Done
*Book Skills:
I can identify who the characters in a book are -
Yes?
I can identify where the setting(s) of a book are -
Yes?
I can tell what is happening in 1 or 2 events in a book
Yes?
I can identify (who, what, where, when, why, and how) in a book
Yes?
I can tell what moment an illustration depicts in a book
Yes No?
*Preposition Word Game - take your favorite stuffed animal and put it - on your
head, <u>under</u> your chin, <u>between</u> your feet, <u>behind</u> your back, <u>in</u> your lap, <u>by</u> your
cheek, then take it to your room and put it with your other stuffed animals. Add
·
any other preposition words you can think of as you play.
I can identify the prepositions listed: Yes No

*Beginning/middle/endng of a story: As you read stories with your child this
week have them go back, when you are finished reading the story, and see if they
can tell you what happened at the beginning, in the middle, and at the end of the
book.

I can tell what happens at the beginning?	Yes N	lo
I can tell what happens in the middle?	Yes N	No
I can tell what happens at the end?	Yes N	No

*WRITE SIGHT WORDS: Have your child write each of the 25 sight words on a piece of paper. Make sure they spell each word correctly.

*Letters: Circle the letters your child knows.

A	a	В	b	C	C	D	d	E	e
F	f	G	9	Н	h	I	i	J	
K	k	L	1	M	m	N	n	0	0
Р	p	Q	q	R	r	S	S	T	†
U	u	V	٧	W	W	X	×	У	У
Z	Z								

*Classifying/ Sorting: Putting objects into groups that go together.

Color letters - blue and numbers - green

12	В	f	6
27	4	y	Н
u	23	G	19

*Blending Words: First say each sound, next say the sounds together without pausing, last put the word together. Put a check mark next to the words your child successfully blends.

/s / /u / /b /	ssssuuuubb	sub
/b / /a/ /g/	bbbbaaaagg	bag
/c/ /l/ /a/ /p/	ccccllllaaaapp	clap
/s//m//e//II/	ssssmmmmeeell	smell

^{*}Segmenting Onset and Rime- breaking words apart into beginning sound and word families.

1. Say the who	le word for yo	ur child and hav	e them say each	ı sound to you as they
put up a finger	for that soun	d (you could als	o have them mov	ve objects for each
sound they hed	ar).			
Complete	Voc	No		

2. Once they have read the word,	, cover the word,	have your ch	ild say each onse	21
and rime sounds (word family) Con	mplete:	Yes	No	

3. Have your child write the lowercase letters for each onset and rime.

dog	d	0	9
mad			
bed			
hug			
wig			

cup		
pin		
top		
rat		
hen		

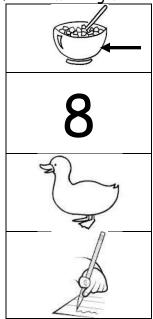
*Rhyming Words -Have your child read the words below, and circle the two in each row that rhyme:

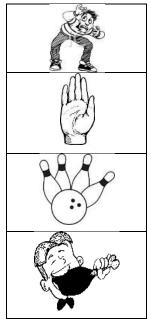
1.	pea	тор	rea
2.	ham	mat	sat
3.	pig	jig	pen

4. hop rug bug

5. block band clock

*Multi-meaning words: draw a line between the two pictures that sound the same but have different meanings.





*Produce complete sentences in speech: When you are having a conversation with your	
child make sure they are responding in complete sentences when it is appropriate. You	
could practice complete sentences by giving your child a word or two and have them make	2 0
complete sentence using the word(s).	

*Question Words: After you and your child have read a story together - ask them questions about the story using the question words - who, what, where, when, why, and how.

Ι	can identify	/ all	of	the	above	informa	ation?	Yes	No	

*Punctuation - Identify each ending punctuation - put a check mark next to the ones you know.

		_		_	
?	•	ļ	•		?

*Punctuation - Identify ending punctuation in each sentence. Check mark by ones you know

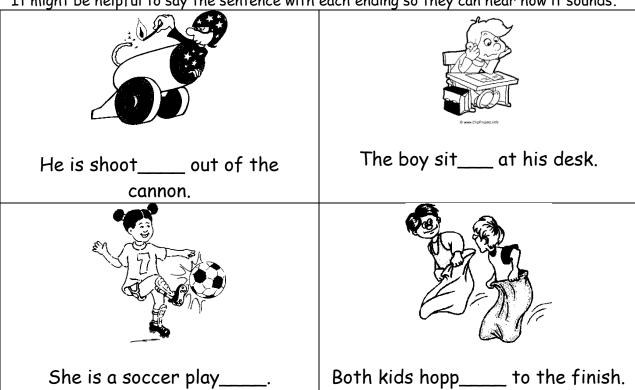
The orange bag was on top of the brown box. I can clap my hands for the fun band!

Can you smell the junk that we left in the sack?

* Writing Sentences: one that is narrative (like a sentence in a story) and one that is Informative (child states information they know to be real) have your child come up with their own sentences and write them, using sound spelling, on the lines below. Put 1 or 2 fingers between each word to leave a space. Put punctuation (.?!) at the end of each sentence. Capitalize only - first word in each sentence, the pronoun I, and names.
*Reading Sentences: have your child read the sentences to you (help where needed).
Is a bog a mud pit in the forest?
I like to have ham with my salad.
His desk is in the back of the class.
We pick a plum that is purple for my dad.

*Inflections and affixes: after reading each sentence, add the missing ending to each of the words to help the sentence make sense (endings - s, ed, ing, er).

It might be helpful to say the sentence with each ending so they can hear how it sounds.

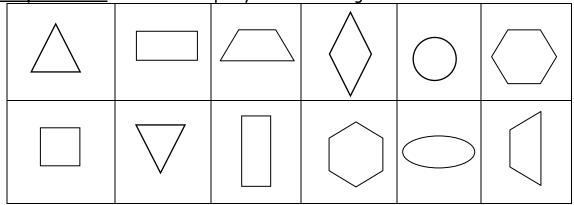


*Sight Words. Put a check mark in the left corner if your child can read the sight word automatically. Also, on a separate sheet of paper have your child practice spelling the sight words. (These are the 25 sight words that Quest requires for your child to know by the end of the year. So, work with them so they can recognize them easily.)

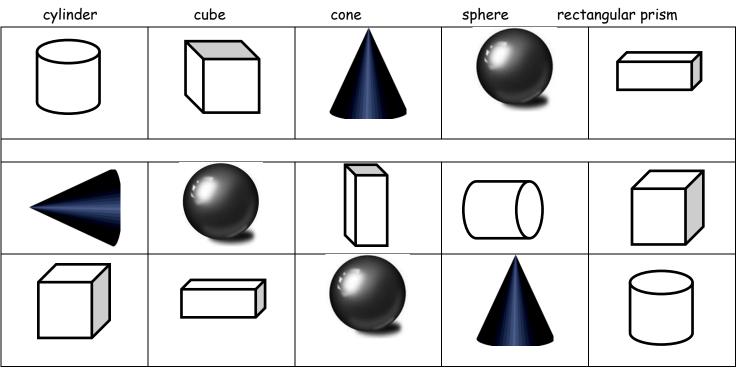
that	it	with	his	they	at
be	this	from	from have		of
and	а	to	I	he	for
was	on	they	as	the	are
the	of	and	а	I	to
in	A	you	is	that	it
he	for	was	on	are	as
with	his	are	at	be	this
from	have	in	Α	you	is

*I can tie my shoes by myself?						
*I can put on and zip/button my own coat?						
*I can put on and zip/button my own coat? *I can put on and zip/button my own coat? *Math Review: *My child can say all of the months of the year starting with January YES NO If your child has difficulty saying the months of the year, practice with him/her. *Review sorting and classifying (placing similar objects together in a group). Choose something in your house that you can sort. I sorted I sorted them together into groups because they were the same *Identifying day, week, and month on a calendar Have your child review the days of the week in order by pointing to and saying each name. Complete: Yes No *I to 1 correspondence - collect thirty objects and have your child count them. (It is very helpful for your child to move the objects as they count). I can count 30 objects without double counting or skipping any Yes No *Before and after: write the numbers that come before and after the numbers below						
your child has difficulty saying the months of the year, practice with him/her.						
*Review sorting and classifying (placing similar objects together in a group). Choose something						
·						
·						
*Before and after: write the numbers that come before and after the numbers below						
,8, ,2,						
,19,,26,						

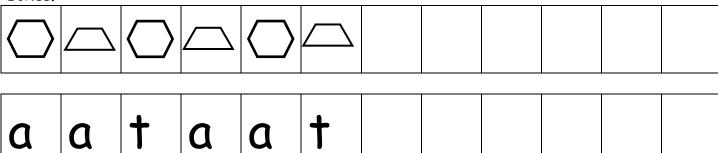
*Shape review: circle the shapes your child recognizes.



*Geometric Shapes:



*Pattern review - Have your child continue the pattern by writing the correct items in the boxes.



15	22	22	15	22	22			

<u>*I can count to</u> ____ before I make a mistake. If your child cannot count to 100 please practice until it becomes easy (if your child is already counting to 100 easily you don't need to count every time, just write in 100, but don't forget to review every once in a while)

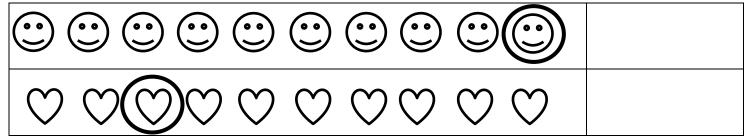
*I can count by 5's to _____ before I make a mistake.

*I can count by 10's to _____ before I make a mistake.

*Circle the numbers your child recognizes

29	27	12	24	11	9	21	1	20	18	13
2	10	20	7	16	25	8	22	4	30	14
28	8	26	5	23	6	22	17	15	19	3

*Ordinal Numbers: write the position of the object that is circled (1st, 2nd, 3rd, etc).



Getting Ready for 1st Grade:

*Coins: circle the coins your child recognizes / put a check mark if they know the value of them.

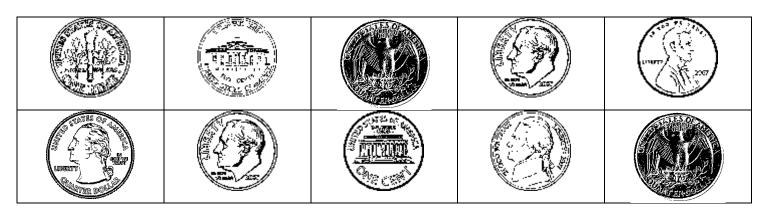












*Time: write the time that is shown on the clock.

