# Homework \#10 Language Arts Skills 

Page 1
${ }^{*}$ Write your FIRST and LAST name (first letter capital - rest lowercase)
w

*Book Skills: As you and your child read books this week help your child identify: who the characters in the story are, where the setting(s) of the story is, and have them tell you 1 or 2 events that happened in the story.
*Letter name and sound recognition. Put a check mark in the left corner if your child can name the letter correctly and can tell you the sound it makes. As a variation, you can say the sound of each letter and have your child write the letter that matches the sound.

| o | D | S | a | d | H | u |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| G | I | J | x | F | r | B |
| V | i | e | M | q | W | d |
| b | U | N | k | j | Y | E |
| z | P | h | C | t | s | m |
| Q | f | X | L | o | A | v |
| y | n | c | R | g | q | Z |


| K | b | T | w | I | d | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## *Acting out meanings of similar verbs:

Have your child act out the following verbs - jump and hop
*Collaborative conversations: while talking with your child, practice good conversation rules - taking turns, volume of speech, staying on subject, and continuing conversations through multiple exchanges.
*Blending Words: First say each sound, next say the sounds together without pausing, last put the word together. Put a check mark next to the words your child successfully blends.

## /g//a/ /s/ ggggaaaass

/I/ /i/ /d/ Illiiiiidd
/d/ /i/ /g/ ddddiiiigg

## /l/ /o/ /g/ IIlloooogg


*Segmenting Words- breaking words apart into individual sounds. If these words are too simple add some blends or digraphs such as: brass, blog, champ, thin, whip

1. Say the whole word for your child and have them say each sound to you as they put up a finger for that sound (you could also have them move objects for each sound they hear).
Complete: $\qquad$ Yes $\qquad$ No
2. Once they have read the word, cover the word, tell them the word, and have them tell you the first sound in the word. Then tell them the word again and have them tell you all the sounds they hear in the word.
Complete: $\qquad$ Yes $\qquad$ No
3. After they have held up fingers or moved objects for each sound, have your child write the lowercase letters for each individual sound in the boxes behind each word.

| cap |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| tug |  |  |  |
| mop |  |  |  |


| pin |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| hen |  |  |  |
| red |  |  |  |

Sight Words. Put a check mark in the left corner if your child can read the sight word automatically. Also, on a separate sheet of paper have your child practice spelling the sight words.

| you | to | and | it | of | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| on | a | is | you | in | the |
| and | of | in | to | you | I |
| is | A | of | on | I | it |
| the | you | in | it | to | of |

*l can count to $\qquad$ before I make a mistake. If your child cannot count to 60 please practice until it becomes easy (if your child is already counting to 100 easily you don't need to count every time, just write in 100, but don't forget to review every once in a while)
*Number Rainbow Writing: Write the numbers on the worksheet every day using a different color.
6

## 7

## 8

9

10

Have your child review the days of the week in order by pointing to and saying each name.

Color: one day ( $3^{\text {rd }}$ ) red, one week ( $7-13$ ) purple, outline: around all of the days in the whole month (February) pink. Name the days of the week. Count how many Mondays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

| Month |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | ${ }^{13}$ |
| 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| ${ }^{21}$ | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 |
| 28 | 29 | 30 |  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | (4) |  | $0$ |
|  |  |  |  |

*Graphing/Data collection- Have your child count the objects in the box and mark X's on the graph to show how many of each object there are.

There are:


Which one has the most $\qquad$ Which one has the least/fewest $\qquad$
$\qquad$ and $\qquad$

